SLL Masterclass 2013/14 Energy Reduction By Retrofit

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Introduction

Technological Advances Understanding Requirements Establishing Balance Choosing Solutions Case Study Interactive Discussion

Technological Advances

Light Sources Control Optics

Light Sources

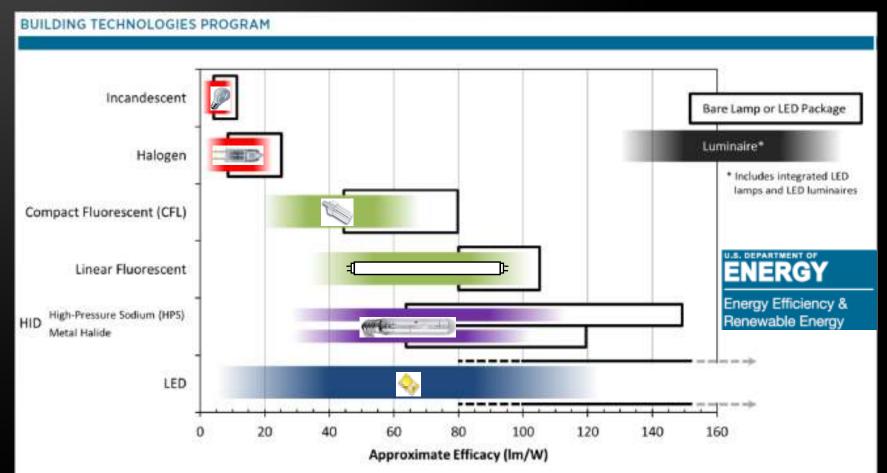


Figure 4. Approximate range of efficacy for various common light sources, as of January 2013. The black boxes show the efficacy of bare conventional lamps or LED packages, which can vary based on construction, materials, wattage, or other factors. The shaded regions show luminaire efficacy, which considers the entire system, including driver, thermal, and optical losses. Of the light source technologies listed, only LED is expected to make substantial increases in efficacy in the near future.

Control Gear

Wire Wound control gear

 Electronic High Frequency for efficiency & comfort

Filament streampowers.blogspot.com ሰሰሰ Ballast Supply voltage

Starter



- Electronic drivers
 - Affordable Dimming and Power **Control Options**

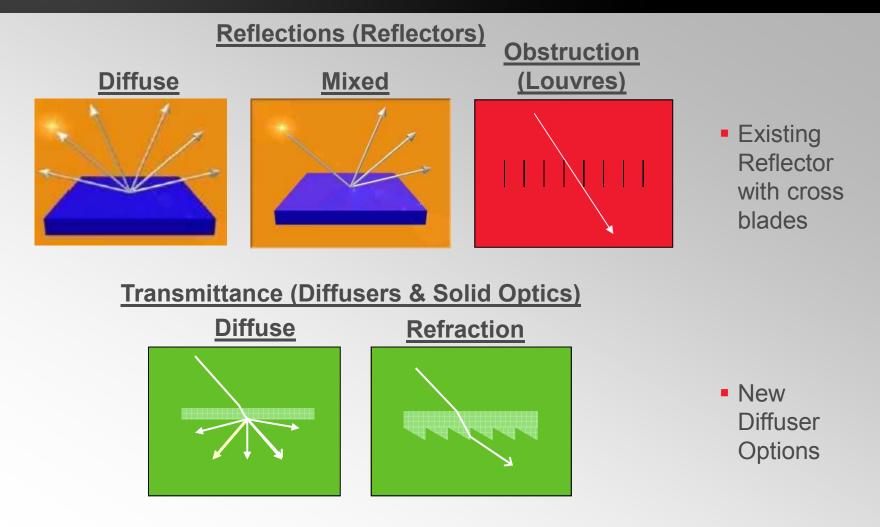


Fluorescent Tube





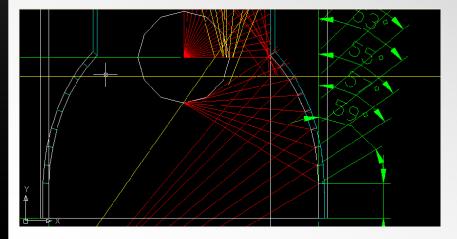
Optical Materials & Control Techniques

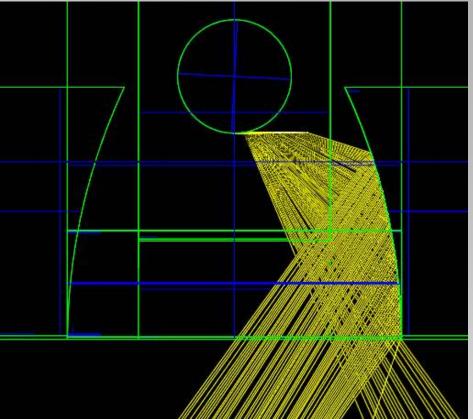




Existing Reflector Technology

- Reflection
 - controlled by profile and type of material
- Baffles or Louvres
 - added for glare control



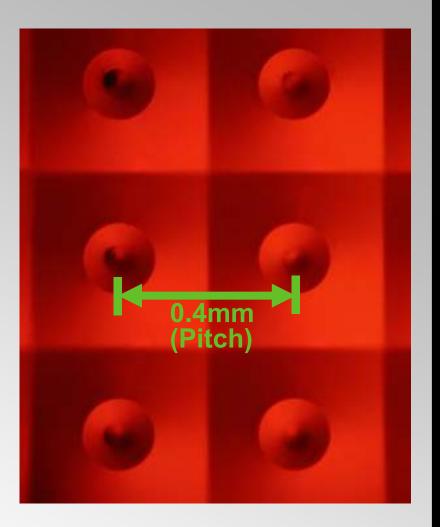




Technological Advances Micro-Prisms

Micro-prisms

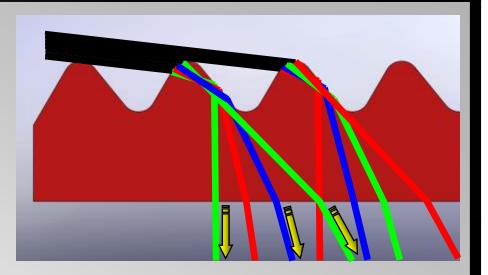
- Small Prisms or Lenses
- generally with less than a millimetre (mm) in diameter.
- Redirect high angle incident light down towards the working plane.
- Do not hide the lamp. Can displace lamp image or make multiple images
- Can split light into the spectrum



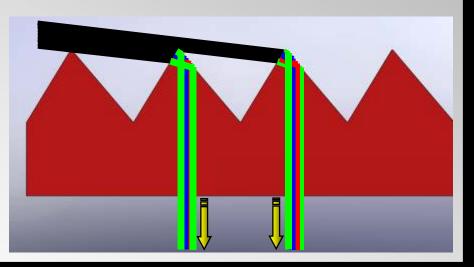


Technological Advances Prismatic Panels

Prismatic Panel

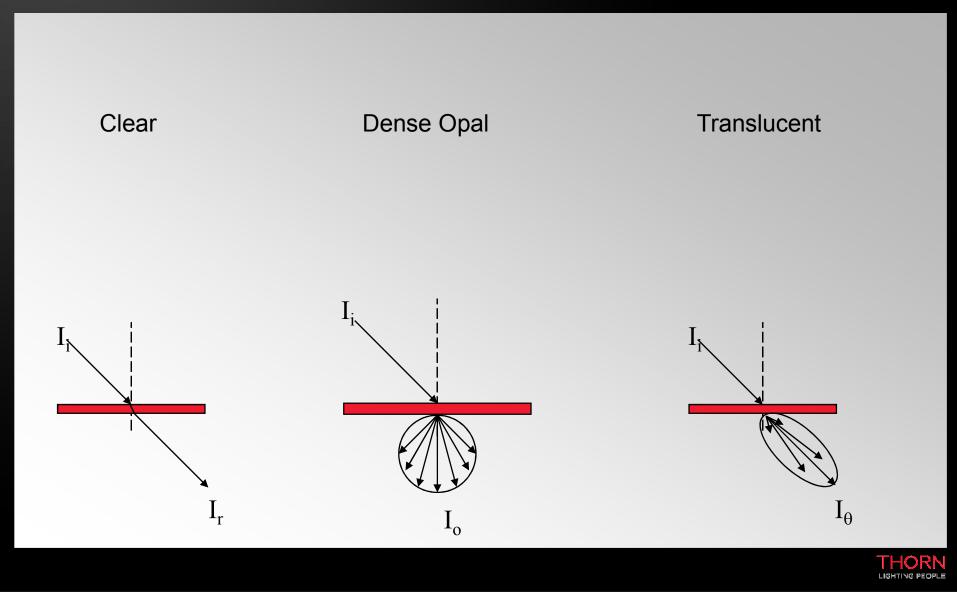


- Micro-Prism
 - Better prisms less aberration
 - Improved optical control





How Diffuse?



How Diffuse?

Transmission factors

Micro-prism	80%	

Opal 38% - 83%

Losses up to 15%

MATERIAL	Transmission %	Reflectance %
2mm Diffusion material	83	8
2mm Thick opal light	38	47



LIGHTING PEOPLE

Understanding Requirements

Brief

Situation

Current Needs

Constraints

Application Existing Building Timescale Cost / Payback

Understanding Requirements Brief - Situation

- What is today's use the building?
 - Different to the concept?
 - Task Areas?
- Are users happy with the lighting?
- Carbon Reduction Aims
 - Energy Saving / Payback Needs
- Maintenance costs
- Risk





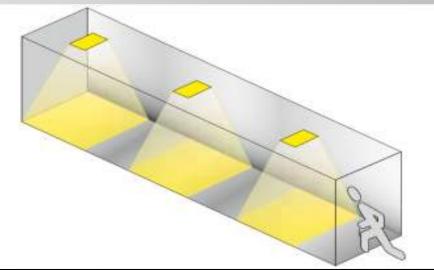
Understanding Requirements

Brief – Current Needs

Lighting

- Current levels and quality?
- Colour?
- Feel?
- Less, Equal or Better?
- Maintenance regime
 - what has been used?
- Standards
 - what has changed?
- Lighting requirements
 - Discuss / Agree
- Emergency lighting
- Future proof?





Understanding Requirements Constraints – Existing Building

- Fixing / mounting locations (spacings)
- Co ordination with other services
- Extent of refurbishment?
 - Luminaires
 - Ceilings
 - Entire area / building
- Suitability of existing wiring, circuits, and controls
- Access and logistics





Understanding Requirements Opportunities

Score extra goals:

- New technology
- Integral controls
- Indirect savings
- Enhanced environment
- Change of use
- Different "Feel"
- Aesthetic changes





Establishing Balance

Efficiency vs Quality

Establishing Balance

Efficiency vs Quality

- Quantity of light
- Quality of light
 - Glare
 - Colour Rendering
 - Colour appearance
- Comfort
- Feel







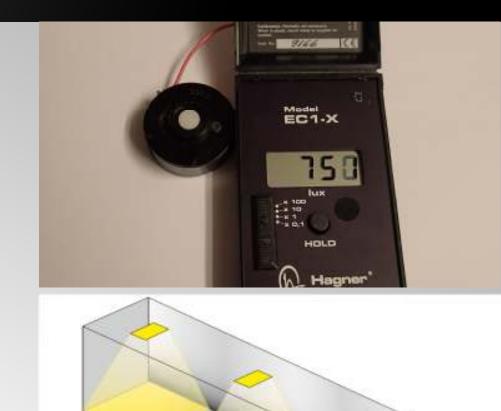




Establishing Balance

Efficiency vs Quality

- System Efficiency
- Costs / Benefits
- Final Testing
- Aesthetics
- Mock Up
- Environmental Improvement
- Affordability





Establishing Balance

Quality check - How does light make you feel? - an alternative view

 Who has heard the term "Cave Like" for a poor interior lighting scheme?

"Natural" "Euphoric" "Better?"



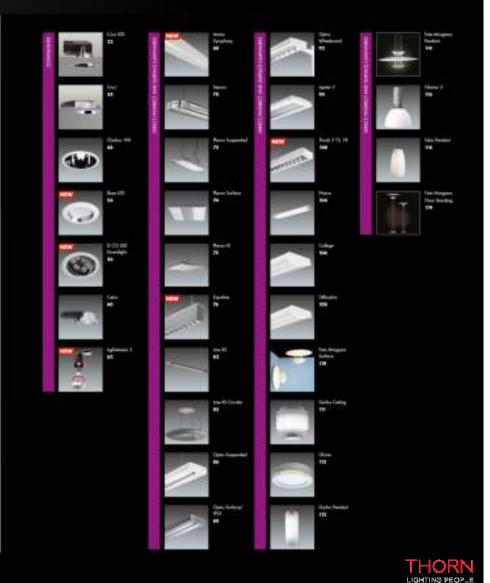
Choosing the Solution

Standard Or Bespoke?

Choosing The Solution

Standard Luminaire

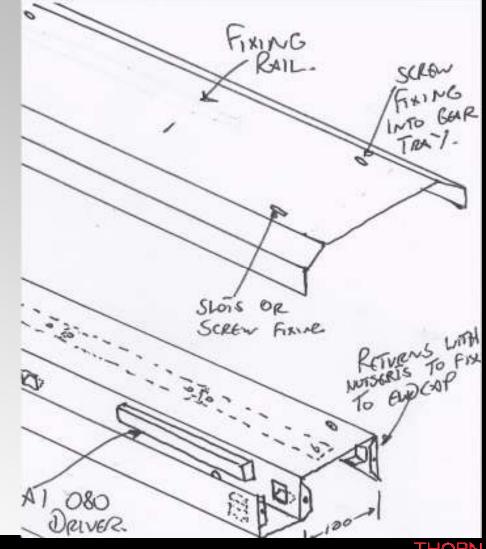
- Straightforward selection
- Regularly updated technology
- Volume Manufacture
- Availability
- Ready Tested and Approved
- Data
- O&M information
- Recyclable



Choosing The Solution

Bespoke Luminaire

- Tailor to project constraints
- Embrace latest technology
- Co-ordinate with existing services
- Aesthetics
- Optimise light distribution
- Ease of installation
- Add Flexibility
- Reduced waste
- Costs and Time for
 - Development
 - Testing





Case Study

Morrissons Supermarket Bradford, UK

Case Study

Morrissons Supermarket Bradford, UK

THORN

Case Study Wm Marrisons Supermarket, Bradford UK





Understanding Requirements Brief - Situation

- Carbon Reduction £17 Million Energy Saving Target
- Update lighting to maximise energy savings
- Ageing (20 year old) installations
- Maintain High Quality of Lighting integral with shopping experience



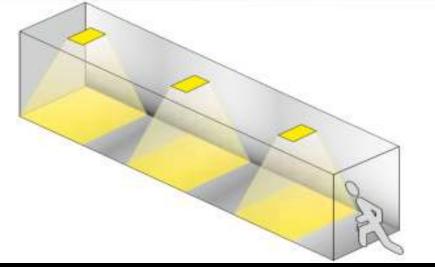


Understanding Requirements

Brief – Current Needs

- 750 Lux Horizontal
- Reduce maintenance costs
- Good colour rendering
- Minimise cost and disruption
 - Install within 3 nights a store
- Emergency lighting Mix of
 - 110v Central Battery
 - Self Contained 3hr







Understanding Requirements Constraints – Existing Building

- Use existing continuous luminaires
- Luminaires provide structural support for ceiling tiles
- Existing spacings to be maintained
- Existing wiring points to be maintained
- Existing emergency lighting systems and points to be used

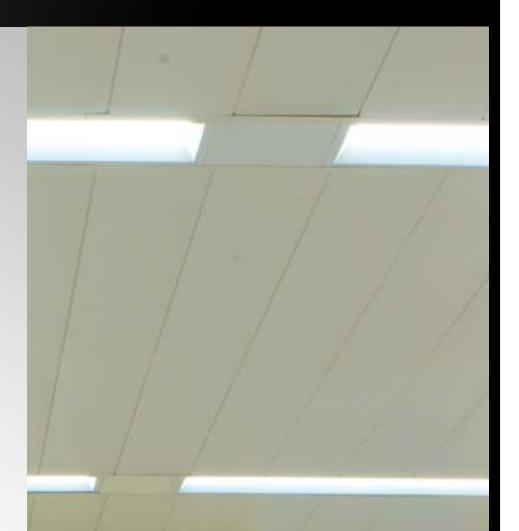




Understanding Requirements Opportunities

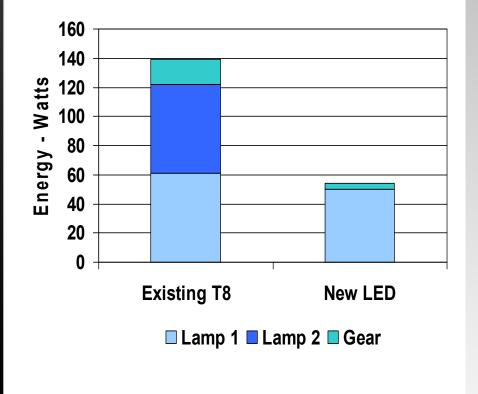
Add infill Panels

- Less luminaires
- Future Flexibility
- Display Lighting can be added
- Aesthetics
- Indirect benefits
 - Improved environment new or better business
 - Enhance other refurbishments
 - Easier to clean
 - Less lamp changes





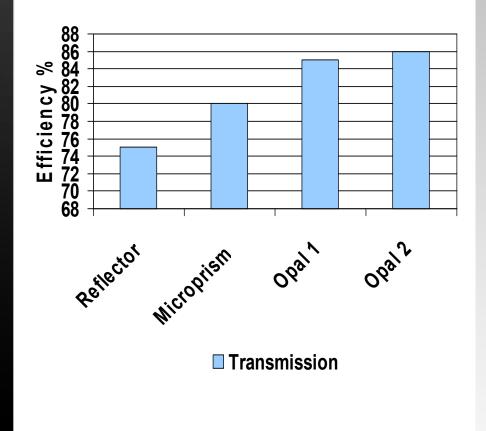
Light Source and Gear Savings



- Existing luminaires have 2 x 70w T8 lamps, various control gear scenarios.
- LED Technology brings potential savings
- ECO mode of driver allows more efficient operation at 300mA (350mA standard)



Optic Efficiency

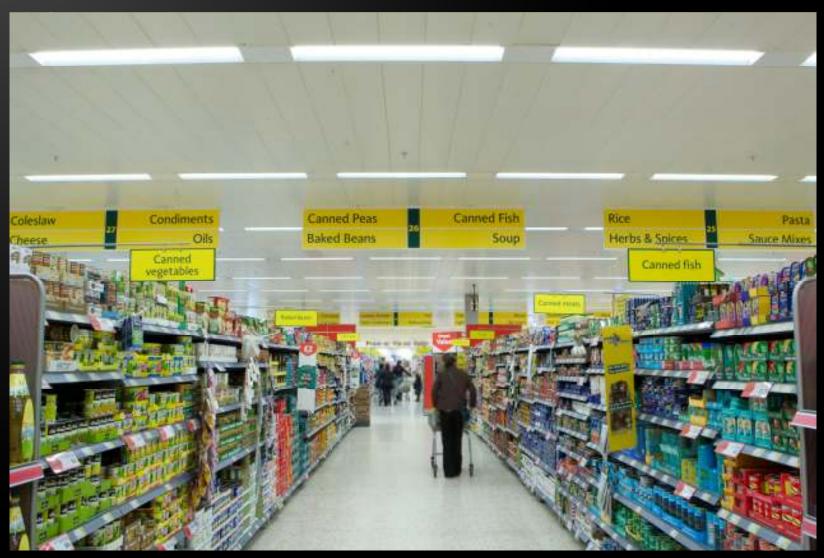


- Optical system Transmission
- Reflector technology was the most efficient when installed 2 years ago
- LED's need to be obscured from direct view.
- Microprism was less efficient and too downward
- High Transmission opals were better.
- Aesthetic decision required











Case Study

Savings



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Thank you Interactive Discussion

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